









2.1 Circle the weather characters, and then write their pinyin.

1.  风 同 目 fēng	2.  两 雨 西	3.  会 去 云
4.  彗 雪 零	5.  昨 清 晴	6.  阴 阳 明

2.2 Listen and circle the pinyin. Find the first character from box A, and the second character from box B. Write down the complete Chinese word, and the English meaning for each pinyin.

(A) 多 气 下 暖  
晴 最 阴 有  
刮 白 左 零

(B) 下 右 温 和  
低 高 天 度  
风 云 雨 雪

1. qíngtiān / yīntiān báitiān 白天 daytime

2. zuìgāo / zuìdī / zuǒyòu \_\_\_\_\_







3. qìwēn / tiānqì / qiūtiān \_\_\_\_\_

4. liángkuài / língxià / lěngtiān \_\_\_\_\_

5. xiàxuě / yǒuyǔ / guāfēng \_\_\_\_\_

\* Challenge: Use the characters in box A and B to form more words that you have learnt in Lesson 2. Write the pinyin and English meanings as well.

2.3 Xiaodong is giving a three-day weather report of London. Listen and choose the correct answer.

(a) 	(b) 	(c) 	(g) 0°C	(h) 0°C ~ 8°C
(d) 	(e) 	(f) 	(i) -3°C ~ 6°C	(j) -9°C

- 伦敦昨天的天气怎么样? \_\_\_\_\_
- 伦敦今天的天气怎么样? \_\_\_\_\_
- 伦敦明天的天气怎么样? \_\_\_\_\_

2.4 Listen to the audio again, and circle the correct words. Read and record the text below, and try to sound like Xiaodong.

伦敦昨天 多云 / 下雨, 也 / 不 下雪, 气温零度左右。今天  
白天是 晴天 / 阴天, 晚上 有风 / 有雨。气温最高 六度 / 八度,  
气温最低 零下三度 / 零下九度。明天一天都是 晴天 / 雨天,  
会 下雪 / 刮风, 气温 零度到八度 / 六度到八度。

2.5 Use pinyin and English hints to unscramble the Chinese sentences.

1. 是 / 晴天 / 白天 / 今天 / 阴天 / 巴黎 / 是 / 晚上

Bālí jīntiān báitiān shì qíngtiān, wǎnshàng shì yīntiān.

(It is sunny during daytime and overcast during night time in Paris today.)

2. 明天 / 下午 / 会 / 有雨 / 上海 / 早上 / 多云

Shànghǎi míngtiān zǎoshàng duō yún, xiàwǔ huì yǒu yǔ.

(Tomorrow, it will be cloudy in the morning and rainy in the afternoon in Shanghai.)

3. 刮风 / 和 / 下雪 / 一天 / 昨天 / 都 / 伦敦

Lúndūn zuótiān yì tiān dōu guā fēng hé xià xuě.

(Yesterday, it was windy and snowy the whole day in London.)

4. 气温 / 北京 / 昨天 / 零 / 零下 / 五度 / 到

Běijīng zuótiān qìwēn líng dào líng xià wǔ dù.

(The temperature in Beijing yesterday was 0°C to -5°C.)

5. 气温 / 纽约 / 二十三 / 最高 / 明天 / 度

Niǚyuē míngtiān qìwēn zuì gāo èr shí sān dù.

(The highest temperature for tomorrow in New York will be 23°C.)

**2.6** Flip a coin to decide your answers to these questions.

Heads or Tails



- 明天会不会下雨? 明天不会下雨。
- 你明年会学中文吗? \_\_\_\_\_
- 今天晚上会不会下雪? \_\_\_\_\_
- 老师明天早上会去学校吗? \_\_\_\_\_
- 星期六朋友会和你一起去买东西吗? \_\_\_\_\_

**2.7** Complete the sentences with "都".

- 我和朋友都 喜欢骑自行车。
- 昨天一天都 \_\_\_\_\_。
- 我们一家人都 \_\_\_\_\_。
- \_\_\_\_\_ 都是晴天。
- \_\_\_\_\_ 都很远。

**2.8** The description in Chinese contains some mistakes. Highlight the mistakes and correct them.

Beijing	Yesterday: snowy, -4°C~2°C Today: partially cloudy, 0°C~5°C	北京昨天下雨, 今天多云。 今天最低气温零下四度。
New York	Daytime: windy Night: windy and overcast, 18°C~22°C	纽约一天都刮风, 晚上是晴天。 气温十度左右。
Sydney	Today: rainy, 23°C~27°C Tomorrow: sunny, 26°C~32°C	悉尼今天是晴天, 明天有雨。 明天气温会很高。

**\* Challenge:** Answer the questions in Chinese according to the information given.

- 北京昨天和今天刮风吗? \_\_\_\_\_
- 纽约白天天气怎么样? \_\_\_\_\_
- 悉尼今天热还是明天热? \_\_\_\_\_

**2.9** Create a two-day weather forecast for three cities of your choice. Illustrate the weather conditions and write brief notes in Chinese. Record your weather forecast and submit it to your teacher. Refer to the textbook page 26. Use the new words and sentence patterns to achieve higher scores.

	City	Today	Tomorrow

**2.10** Substitute the word that does not fit the pattern, and then give your reason.

- 白天 昨天 今天 明天 白天 does not fit the time sequence.
- 晴天 夏天 秋天 冬天 \_\_\_\_\_
- 暖和 凉快 热狗 很冷 \_\_\_\_\_
- 阴天 多少 刮风 下雪 \_\_\_\_\_

**2.11** Search and fill in the opposite words of the "不……也不……" phrases.



- 不冷也不 \_\_\_\_\_
- 不 \_\_\_\_\_ 也不低
- 不多也不 \_\_\_\_\_
- 不 \_\_\_\_\_ 也不小
- 不早也不 \_\_\_\_\_

**\* Challenge:** Make a sentences by using the phrases above.

**2.12** Use the Chinese characters and English hints to unscramble the pinyin.

1. de shíhòu / chūntiān / míngnián / yìjiārén / wǒmen / huì / Áodàlìyà / qù

明年春天的时候，我们一家人会去澳大利亚。

(When spring comes next year, our family will go to Australia.)

2. hē / wǒ / xǐhuān / rè / nǎi chá / de shíhòu / tiānqì / hěn / lěng

天气很冷的时候，我喜欢喝热奶茶。

(When it is cold, I like to drink hot milk tea.)

**\* Challenge:** Complete the "……的时候" sentences.

\_\_\_\_\_的时候，\_\_\_\_\_。

**2.13** Listen to Xiaoyue and Xiaoming's video call.

**Task1** Fill in the blanks with the given words.

明年 夏天 季节 天气 气温 去年  
非常热 很凉快 到二月 的时候 很暖和 什么时候

小月：我想<sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_去悉尼玩儿。悉尼什么<sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_天气最好？

小明：悉尼一年四季<sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_都很好，常常都是晴天。

小月：北京现在是<sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_，悉尼是什么季节？

小明：悉尼现在是冬天。天气不冷，<sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_。

小月：<sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_是悉尼的夏天？

小明：从十二月<sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_是悉尼的夏天。

小月：悉尼的夏天天气热不热？

小明：这儿夏天不是很热，早上和晚上都<sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_，  
中午<sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_25到30度。

小月：太棒了！明年一月放假<sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_，我可以去悉尼玩儿。

**Task2** Answer the questions according to your understanding of their conversation.

- 悉尼一年有几个季节？\_\_\_\_\_
- 悉尼夏天天气怎么样？\_\_\_\_\_
- 悉尼夏天中午的时候，气温多少度？\_\_\_\_\_
- 悉尼的夏天从几月到几月？\_\_\_\_\_
- 小月为什么明年一月可以去悉尼玩儿？\_\_\_\_\_

**2.14** Listen to the radio programme introducing the four seasons in Beijing.

**Task1** Colour code the phrases of each season.

春天 - green

夏天 - red

秋天 - orange

冬天 - white

几月？	天气怎么样？		气温多少度？
从三月到五月	白天暖和， 晚上凉快	常常刮风	气温不高也不低
九月、十月 和十一月	天气很冷	有时候下雪	最低气温十度， 最高气温二十二度
六月、七月、 八月	天气有点儿冷	有时候下小雨	白天气温常常在 三十五度左右
从十二月到 二月	天气非常热	常常有雨	气温八度到零下八度

**Task2** Write a similar description of the weather in your city for the radio programme. Include the months of each season, weather conditions, and temperature range.

大家好，我们今天说一说\_\_\_\_\_的季节和天气。

\_\_\_\_\_一年有\_\_\_\_\_个季节。

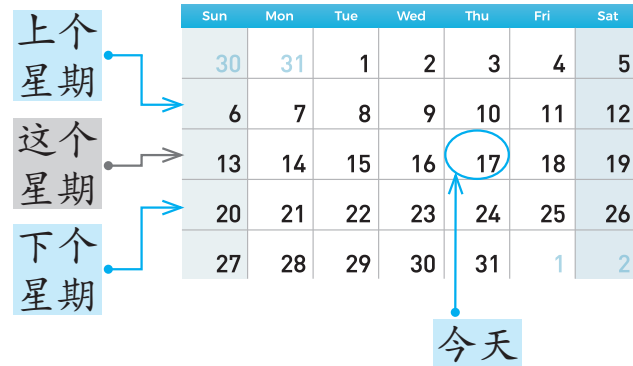
**Task3** Record your description, and submit it to your teacher. You may use Powerpoint or other visual aids to complete the task.

**\* Challenge:** At the end of your recording, ask 3 to 5 questions in Chinese.



Vocabulary

Talking about time



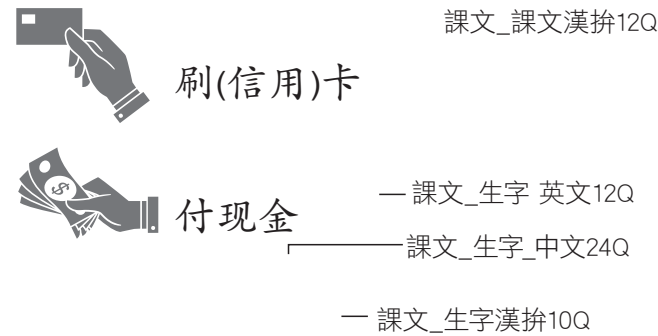
Colours



Measure words



Methods of payment



Clothing



Key Language

Double-object word order

Subject	Verb	Indirect object (Noun 1)	Direct object (Noun 2)
我们	送	奶奶	一件灰色的大衣。
小华的家人	想送	他	一张商场礼品券。
妈妈	要送	爸爸	一顶帽子或者一条围巾。

Modal particle

假期的时候, 你想回上海看家人吧?  
这条牛仔裤真好看! 你在哪儿买的啊?

Modifying nouns with the adjective 的

Adjective	的	Noun
非常贵	的	运动鞋
一件很漂亮	的	连衣裙
又咸又辣	的	中国菜

Preposition word 用

他会用刀叉吃西餐。  
中学生常常用手机玩游戏和听音乐。  
爸爸常常在网上用信用卡买东西。

快……了

快下雨了! 我们走吧!  
快六点了, 我们一起去吃晚饭吧!  
新年快到了, 我们去买新衣服吧!

如果……, 就……

If	Then
如果我没带现金,	我就刷卡。
如果那件大衣很贵,	我就不买了!
如果你不喜欢绿色,	就选黄色或者蓝色的衬衫。

## Listening Section

語言點練習\_(標題字W7 23Q)-英文21Q 單元深色

- 1** You are an exchange student in China. Before you return home, you need to sell some of your belongings. Listen to the audio and fill in each price tag.

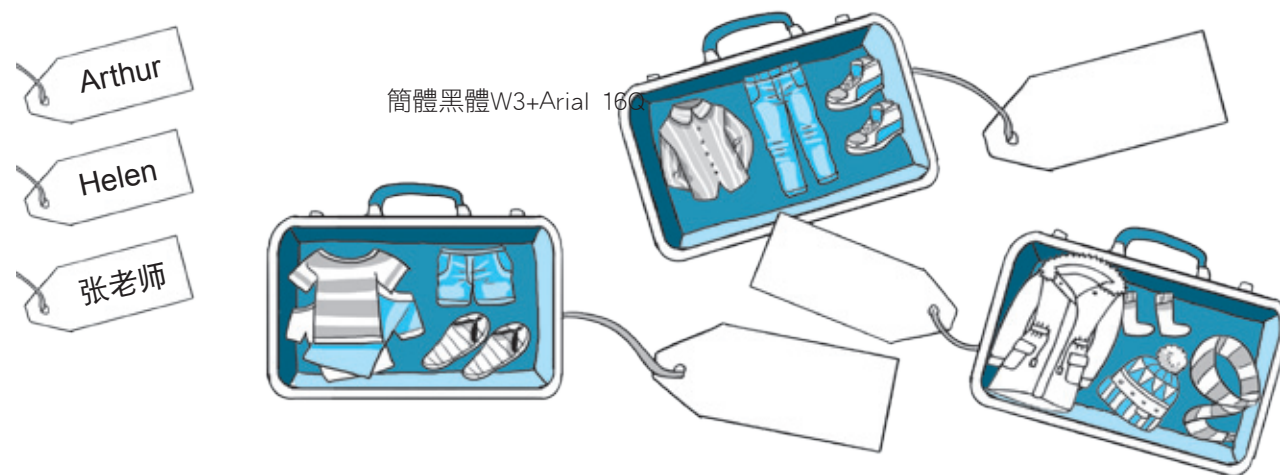


- 2** Listen and circle the correct answer.

Last Saturday / Sunday we celebrated my grandmother's 70s / 80s birthday with family. Our grandmother received many presents. My dad gave her two vouchers / books. My mother made a chocolate cake / some fruit salad. My elder sister bought her a colourful / black and white dress. My younger brother gave her a box of chocolates and a novel / a hat. I made my grandmother a birthday cake / a card.

\***Challenge:** Rewrite the paragraph in Chinese characters.

- 3** Listen and label each of the three suitcases with correct names and destinations in English.



**\*Challenge:** List additional clothing and accessories they shall pack for their trips.

- 4** Listen to the audio and tick the best answer in the boxes provided.

1. On which date will Xiao Zhang have his birthday party?

A	課文活動_國字(標楷)22Q									
B										
C										
D										

B	一	二	三	四	五	六
30	31	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

C	一	二	三	四	五	六
30	31	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		


D	一	二	三	四	五	六
30	31	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

線段0.2MM B100

- 2 Which birthday present did Emily give to Frank?

A	
B	
C	
D	


A



B



C



D



Language/Challenge: 內文14Q中文16Q

3. Which hat size best fits the speaker?

A	
B	
C	
D	

A



B



C



D



4. How much change was given?

A	
B	
C	
D	

5. Which person did Xiao Lin ask about?

A	
B	
C	
D	

A



B



C




D




6. What was the clothing suggestion for the weather?

A	
B	
C	
D	


A



B



C



D





Speaking Section

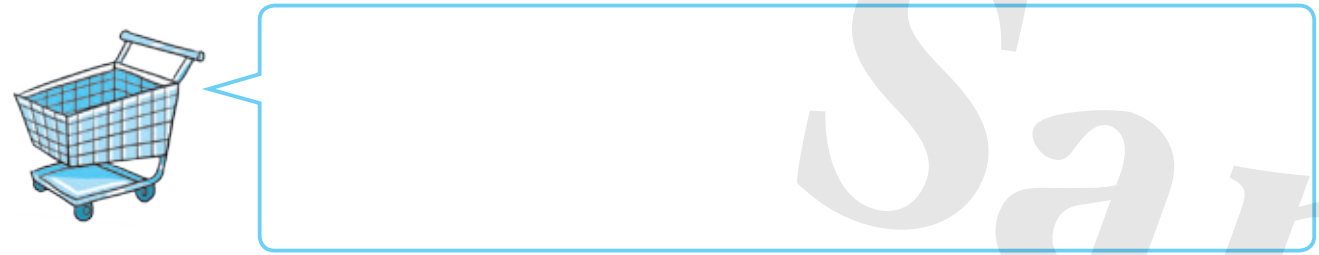
Where is your next family trip destination? What is the weather going to be like then? Describe clothing and accessories that you are going to pack in a suitcase. Record your description and then submit to your teacher.

課文\_課文中文34Q  
課文\_課文漢拚12Q

Reading Section

1 What did they purchase today? Draw the items in the shopping basket with the correct quantity.


我和妈妈去了商场。我们买了一个书包、五支笔和两条长裤。



2 You are helping a Chinese exchange student with her weekly shopping in a supermarket. Can you help her by listing the items that she would like to buy in English, and then total the prices?

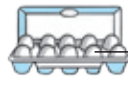
1. 我要买五个苹果、一盒鸡蛋。

2. 冬天快到了，我想买一顶帽子和两条围巾。




3. 妹妹的生日快到了，我想送她一盒巧克力。

4. 明天要上游泳课，我要买一件游泳衣。




8块钱

課文\_生字\_英文12Q




80块钱

課文\_生字\_中文24Q




5块钱


課文\_生字\_漢拚10Q




15块钱




20块钱



2块钱



45块钱



30块钱

Shopping List:

(1) 5 apples & a box of eggs.

(2) \_\_\_\_\_

(3) \_\_\_\_\_

(4) \_\_\_\_\_

Total Price: \_\_\_\_\_

3 Complete the following task step by step.





Task -標題18Q(中文20Q)

Task1 Read each of the following texts, and then colour each clothing item and accessory accordingly.

內文14Q(中文黑體16)

Task2 Match the figures with their names. And then write their likes and dislikes in English.

- 內文14Q(中文黑體16)
- (1) Aya穿绿色短毛衣和黄色连衣裙。她喜欢看书和听中文歌，Aya不喜欢听日本歌。
- 課文活動\_國字(標楷)22Q
- (2) 穿红色上衣和粉红色大衣的是Mia。她戴灰色帽子和围巾，Mia最喜欢跑步和看英文小说，她不喜欢打球。
- (3) 戴橙色帽子，穿绿色外套、橙色衬衫、咖啡色长裤和黑色鞋子的叫Luca。虽然Luca不喜欢上体育课，可是他喜欢游泳和踢足球。
- (4) 那个穿蓝色短外套、白色汗衫、黑色长裤和白色运动鞋的是Brandon。Brandon喜欢吃零食和中国菜，他不喜欢吃汉堡包。

Name: Likes: Dislikes:		Name: Likes: Dislikes:	
Name: Likes: Dislikes:		Name: Likes: Dislikes:	

Language/Challenge:內文14Q中文16Q

Writing Section

1 Fill in the missing strokes.

木	斤	张	少	夹	仁	冬	血	裤	裙
běn	dǐng	zhāng	zhī	kuài	jiàn	tiáo	hé	kù	qún
冒	鞋	袜	衬	衫	一	衣	一	衣	
mào	xié	wà	chèn	shān	shàng	yī	dà	yī	

2 Complete the crossword puzzle using pinyin without tone marks.

Down ↓

- shirt
- upper garment
- shoes
- dress
- skirt

Across →

- shorts
- jeans
- long trousers
- hat
- socks

3 Complete the following paragraph using the English clues provided.

<sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (Earth Day) 快到了, <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (because) 那天  
<sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (to allow) 穿<sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (oneself) 的衣服上学,  
<sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (so) 每个同学都想参加。  
 这是我<sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (the first time) 参加学校的 日。<sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (if)  
 那天很冷, 我<sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (then) 会穿 <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (or) , 还  
 会<sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (to wear) 和 。  
 我有一件蓝色的 和一件红色的 , 你觉得蓝色的好看  
<sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (or) 红色的好看?

\*Challenge: Rewrite the last paragraph in Chinese.

4 Imagine you could design your own school uniform (校服). What would it look like? Use the box below to draw and label your uniform. Remember, your designs need to be appropriate and best represent your school.

夏天的校服

冬天的校服

Explain your design in Chinese, e.g., colour, length, material, and the prices of the clothing and accessories.

\_\_\_\_\_